

310-014

SUN

Sun Certified System Administrator for the Solaris 9 Operating System

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QUESTION: 1

You telnet into a Solaris machine and log in as user1. Your account is set up to use the Bourne shell (sh) and your home directory is /home/user1. Which two files (assuming they exist) does the Bourne shell read to initialize your environment? (Choose two.)

- A. /etc/login
- B. /etc/profile
- C. /home/user1/.login
- D. /home/user1/.profile

Answer: B, D

QUESTION: 2

Given the command:

```
useradd -u 102 -g 301 -d /export/home/user1 -s /bin/ksh user1
```

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. The UID for user1 is 102.
- B. The login shell for user1 is the Korn shell.
- C. The user will not be added as no password has been specified.
- D. The command will create a home directory /export/home/user1.
- E. The command will not create a home directory /export/home/user1.
- F. The command will not work as you have not specified any secondary groups.

Answer: A, B, E

QUESTION: 3

The second field in the /etc/group file is used to store the encoded group password. You have been tasked with placing passwords on all groups. What is one outcome of doing this?

- A. Access to each group is granted only to users in the group.
- B. Users who are not members of the group can access it if they know the password.
- C. Users who are primary members of the group are required to use the group password to gain access to the group.
- D. Users who are secondary members of the group are required to use the group password to gain access to the group.

Answer: B

QUESTION: 4

You are making your system more secure and decide that you are going to disable root logins. In the file that contains the entry which controls root logins, to what must the line beginning `CONSOLE=` be set for root logins to be disabled?

- A. `CONSOLE=`
- B. `CONSOLE=/dev/console`
- C. `CONSOLE=disable_root`
- D. `CONSOLE=root_disable`

Answer: A

QUESTION: 5

Your current `umask` value is `022`. You create a regular file. Which set of permissions are associated with this file?

- A. `rw-r--r--`
- B. `rw-r--r--`
- C. `---w--w-`
- D. `rw-rw-rw-`
- E. `rw-rw-rw-`

Answer: A

QUESTION: 6

You telnet into a Solaris machine and log in as `user1`. Your account is set up to use the Korn shell (`ksh`) and your home directory is `/home/user1`. The following files are read by the Korn shell to initialize your environment on login:

- A) `/home/user1/.kshrc`
- B) `/etc/profile`
- C) `/home/user1/.profile`

In which order are they executed?

- A. A, B, C
- B. A, C, B
- C. B, A, C
- D. B, C, A
- E. C, A, B
- F. C, B, A

Answer: D

QUESTION: 7

Which two statements about the `/etc/default/passwd` file are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The maximum length of a password is set in `/etc/default/passwd`.
- B. `/etc/default/passwd` contains default passwords for new accounts.
- C. The default password aging parameters are stored in `/etc/default/passwd`.
- D. `/etc/default/passwd` can be used to configure a minimum password length from six to eight characters.

Answer: C, D

QUESTION: 8

You have logged in to the console as `user1`. Now you log in as `root` using the `su` command. Which user identities do the `whoami` and `who am i` commands report?

- A. `whoami` reports `root`, `who am i` reports `root`
- B. `whoami` reports `user1`, `who am i` reports `root`
- C. `whoami` reports `root`, `who am i` reports `user1`
- D. `whoami` reports `user1`, `who am i` reports `user1`

Answer: C

QUESTION: 9

You can log in to both `hostA` and `hostB` using the same login name. You want to use the `rcp` command to copy a file from `hostA` to `hostB`. What do you need to do to allow this operation?

- A. add your login name to the /etc/hosts.equiv file on hostB
- B. create hosts.equiv files in your home directories and put a + in the file on hostB
- C. ask the system administrator to add you to the /etc/.rhosts file on the host hostB
- D. create a .rhosts file in your home directory on hostB and put the host name hostA in the file

Answer: D

QUESTION: 10

In a default system configuration, when a non-privileged user sets a password, what is the minimum number of characters allowed? (Type in number or word format.)

Answer: 6

QUESTION: 11

Which file should you modify to change the number of groups to which a user can belong?

- A. /etc/group
- B. /etc/system
- C. /etc/default/login
- D. /etc/default/passwd

Answer: B

QUESTION: 12

You are ready to decommission the printer oldtimer as the printer newkid has made it obsolete. What is the sequence of commands to decommission oldtimer without losing any print requests?

- A. reject oldtimer disable oldtimer
- B. reject oldtimer lpmove oldtimer newkid lpadmin -x oldtimer
- C. lpshut mv /var/spool/lp/tmp/oldtimer/* /var/spool/lp/tmp/newkid lpadmin -x oldtimer lpshed
- D. reject oldtimer mv /var/spool/lp/requests/oldtimer/* /var/spool/lp/requests/newkid enable newkid disable oldtimer

Answer: B

QUESTION: 13

Your system has no printer configuration in place, but it is configured to communicate with all other systems on your network. Which command should you use to send a file called file1 to a print queue called printer1 located on a print server called server1?

- A. `lp file1 server1:printer1`
- B. `lp -d server1 printer1 file1`
- C. `lp -d server1:printer1 file1`
- D. `lp file1 -d printer1:server1`

Answer: C

QUESTION: 14

You have a printer that accepts only PostScript as an input content type. All of your data that you intend to send to the printer is in ASCII format. When you create the printer, which content type should you select?

- A. any
- B. ASCII
- C. PostScript
- D. PostScript and ASCII

Answer: C

QUESTION: 15

Click the Task button. Place each Process Signal number on its Signal Name.

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