

1Z0-147

Oracle

Oracle9i: Program with PL/SQL

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Question: 1

What can you do with the DBMS_LOB package?

- A - Use the DBMS_LOB WRITE procedure to write data to a BFILE.
- B - Use the DBMS_LOB .BFILENAME function to locate an external BFILE.
- C - Use the DBMS_LOB.FILEEXISTS function to find the location of a BFILE.
- D- Use the DBMS_LOB.FILECLOSE procedure to close the file being accessed.

Answer: D

Question: 2

Examine this procedure: CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ADD_PLAYER (V_ID IN NUMBER, V_LAST_NAME VARCHAR2) IS BEGIN INSERT INTO PLAYER (ID LAST_NAME) VALUES (V_ID, V_LAST_NAME); COMMIT; END; This procedure must invoke the UPD_BAT_STAT procedure and pass a parameter. Which statement, when added to the above procedure, will successfully invoke the UPD_BAT_STAT procedure?

- A - EXECUTE UPD_BAT_STAT(V_ID);
- B - UPD_BAT_STAT(V_ID);
- C - RUN UPD_BAT_STAT(V_ID);
- D - START UPD_BAT_STAT(V_ID);

Answer: B

Question: 3

Which three describe a stored procedure? (Choose three.)

- A. A stored procedure is typically written in SQL.
- B. By default, a stored procedure executes with the privileges of its owner.
- C. A stored procedure has three parts: the specification, the body, and the exception handler part.
- D. A stored procedure is stored in the database and can be shared by a number of programs.
- E. A stored procedure offers some advantages over a standalone SQL statement, such as programmable functionality and compiled code.

Answer: B, D, E

Question: 4

Examine this package: CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pack_cur IS CURSOR c1 IS SELECT prodid FROM product ORDER BY prodid DESC; PROCEDURE prod; PROCEDURE proc2; END pack_cur; /CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pack_cur IS v_prodid NUMBER; PROCEDURE prod IS BEGIN OPEN c1; LOOP FETCH c1 INTO v_prodid; DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Row is: c1%ROWCOUNT'); EXIT WHEN c1%ROWCOUNT >= 3; END LOOP END prod; PROCEDURE proc2 IS BEGIN LOOP FETCH c1 INTO v_prodid; DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Row is: c1%ROWCOUNT'); EXIT WHEN c1%ROWCOUNT >= 6; END LOOP; CLOSE c1; END proc2; END pack_cur; / The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. You execute the procedure PROC1 from SQL*Plus with the command: The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. You execute the procedure PROC 1 from SQL*Plus with the command: EXECUTE pack_cur.proc1. You execute the procedure PROC1 from SQL*Plus with the command:

EXECUTE pack_cur.proc1.You execute the procedure PROC1 from SQL*Plus with the command: EXECUTE pack_cur.proc1 What is the output in your session? EXECUTE pack_cur.proc l. What is the output in your session? What is the output in your session? A. ERROR at line 1: What is the output in your session? A. ERROR at line 1: A. ERROR at line 1: B. Row is:

- A - ERROR at line 1:
- B - Row is:
- C - Row is:
- D - Row is: Row is:
- F - Row is: 1 Row is:
- F - Row is: 1 Row is: 2
- G - Row is: 1 Row is: 2Rowis: 3
- H - Row is: 1 Row is: 2 Row is: 3 Row is: 2 Row is: 3
- I - Row is: 4
- J - 1- Row is:4 Row is:5
- K - Row is: 4 Row is: 5 Row is: 6 Row: 5 Row is: 6

Answer: E, F, G, H

Question: 5

Examine this procedure: CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE INSERT_TEAM (V_ID in NUMBER, V_CITY in VARCHAR2 DEFAULT 'AUSTIN', V_NAME in VARCHAR2) IS BEGIN INSERT INTO TEAM (id, city, name) VALUES (v_id, v_city, v_name); COMMIT; END; Which two statements will successfully invoke this procedure in SQL*Plus? (Choose two.)

- A. EXECUTE INSERT_TEAM;
- B. EXECUTE INSERT_TEAM(3, V_NAME=>'LONGHORNS', V_CITY=>'AUSTIN');
- C. EXECUTE INSERT_TEAM(3,'AUSTIN','LONGHORNS');
- D. EXECUTE INSERT_TEAM (VID =3, V_NAME := 'LONGHORNS', V_CITY := 'AUSTIN');
- E. EXECUTE INSERT_TEAM (3,'LONGHORNS');

Answer: B, C

Question: 6

You need to create a DML trigger. Which five pieces need to be identified? (Choose five.)

- A - table
- B - DML event
- C - trigger body
- D - package body
- F - package name
- F - trigger name
- G - system event
- H - trigger timing

Answer: A, B, C, F, H

Question: 7

This statement fails when executed: CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CALC_TEAM_AVG AFTER INSERT ON PLAYER BEGIN INSERT INTO PLAYER BAT_STAT (PLAYER ID, SEASON YEAR,AT BATS,HIT5) VALUES (:NEW.ID, 1997, 0,0); END; To which type must you convert the trigger to correct the error?

- A - row

- B - statement
- C - ORACLE FORM trigger
- D - before

Answer: A

Question: 8

Examine this package:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE discounts
IS
  g_id NUMBER := 7839;
  discount_rate NUMBER := 0.00;
  PROCEDURE display_price (p_price NUMBER);
END discounts;
/
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY discounts
IS
  PROCEDURE display_price (p_price NUMBER)
  IS
  BEGIN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Discounted ' ||
      TO_CHAR(p_price*NVL(discount_rate, 1)));
  END display_price;
  BEGIN
    discount_rate := 0.10;
  END discounts;
/
```

Which statement is true?

- A. The value of DISCOUNT_PATE always remains 0.00 in a session.
- B. The value of DISCOUNT_PATE is set to 0.10 each time the package is invoked in a session.
- C. The value of DISCOUNT_PATE is set to 1 .00 each time the procedure DISPLAY_PPICE is invoked.
- D. The value of DISCOUNT_PATE is set to 0.10 when the package is invoked for the first time in a session.

Answer: D

Question: 9

Examine this code:

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE comm_package
IS
    g_comm NUMBER := 10;
    PROCEDURE reset_comm(p_comm IN NUMBER);
END comm_package;
/

```

User Jones executes the following code at 9:01am:

```
EXECUTE comm_package.g_comm := 15
```

User Smith executes the following code at 9:05am:

```
EXECUTE comm_package.g_comm := 20
```

Which statement is true?

- A - g_comm has a value of 15 at 9:06am for Smith.
- B - g_comm has a value of 15 at 9:06am for Jones.
- C - g_comm has a value of 20 at 9:06am for both Jones and Smith.
- D - g_comm has a value of 15 at 9:03am for both Jones and Smith.
- E - g_comm has a value of 10 at 9:06am for both Jones and Smith.
- F - g_comm has a value of 10 at 9:03am for both Jones and Smith.

Answer: B

Question: 10

Examine this code:

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION gen_email_name
(p_first_name VARCHAR2, p_last_name VARCHAR2, p_id NUMBER)
RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
    v_email_name VARCHAR2(19);
BEGIN
    v_email_name := SUBSTR(p_first_name, 1, 1) ||
                   SUBSTR(p_last_name, 1, 7) ||
                   '@Oracle.com';
    UPDATE employees
    SET    email = v_email_name
    WHERE employee_id = p_id;
    RETURN v_email_name;
END;

```

Which statement removes the function?

- A - DROP gen_email_name;
- B - REMOVE gen_email_name;
- C - DELETE gen_email_name;
- D - TRUNCATE gen_email_name;
- E - DROP FUNCTION gen_email_name;
- F - ALTER FUNCTION gen_email_name REMOVE;

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